

Introduction to PyTorch

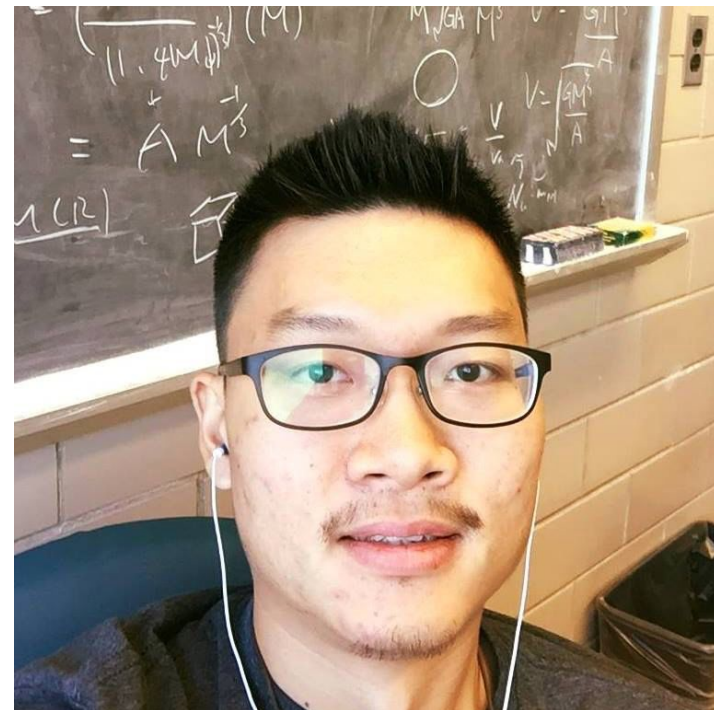
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University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

[@HAL training 2021.9.29]

Joshua Yao-Yu Lin

- My research spans a wide range of Machine Learning application in Astrophysics
- Research Interest: dark matter, supermassive black holes, neuroscience, **machine learning**
- Before Joining UIUC, I got my MS at NTU, and BS at NTHU (All in physics).
- ML intern experience: Simons Foundation, Google Research
- I've used PyTorch for most of my deep learning projects!



Physics PhD student (2016-Present)

University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

Agenda

- Overview of PyTorch & Deep Learning
- Pytorch Basics
- Train a Convolutional neural networks to classify MNIST data
- Train a Variational Autoencoder to generate new MNIST data
- Q & A section

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Early artificial intelligence stirs excitement.



MACHINE LEARNING

Machine learning begins to flourish.



DEEP LEARNING

Deep learning breakthroughs drive AI boom.



Since an early flush of optimism in the 1950s, smaller subsets of artificial intelligence – first machine learning, then deep learning, a subset of machine learning – have created ever larger disruptions.

CLASSICAL MACHINE LEARNING

Data is pre-categorized
or numerical

SUPERVISED

Predict
a category

CLASSIFICATION

«Divide the socks by color»



Predict
a number

REGRESSION

«Divide the ties by length»



Data is not labeled
in any way

UNSUPERVISED

Divide
by similarity

CLUSTERING

«Split up similar clothing
into stacks»



Identify sequences

Find hidden
dependencies

ASSOCIATION

«Find what clothes I often
wear together»



DIMENSION REDUCTION (generalization)

«Make the best outfits from the given clothes»



Credits:

https://vas3k.com/blog/machine_learning/

What is PyTorch?

- [Open source](#) machine learning library
- Developed by Facebook's AI Research lab
- It leverages the power of GPUs
- Automatic computation of gradients
- Makes it easier to test and develop new ideas.



PyTorch

Why PyTorch?

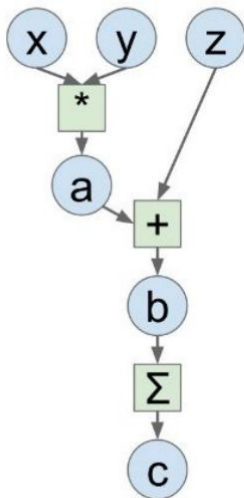


Why PyTorch?

- It is pythonic - concise, close to Python conventions
- Strong GPU support
- Autograd - automatic differentiation
 - Many algorithms and components are already implemented
- Similar to NumPy

Why PyTorch?

Computation Graph



Numpy

```
import numpy as np
np.random.seed(0)

N, D = 3, 4

x = np.random.randn(N, D)
y = np.random.randn(N, D)
z = np.random.randn(N, D)

a = x * y
b = a + z
c = np.sum(b)

grad_c = 1.0
grad_b = grad_c * np.ones((N, D))
grad_a = grad_b.copy()
grad_z = grad_b.copy()
grad_x = grad_a * y
grad_y = grad_a * x
```

Tensorflow

```
import numpy as np
np.random.seed(0)
import tensorflow as tf

N, D = 3, 4

with tf.device('/gpu:0'):
    x = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)
    y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)
    z = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)

    a = x * y
    b = a + z
    c = tf.reduce_sum(b)

grad_x, grad_y, grad_z = tf.gradients(c, [x, y, z])

with tf.Session() as sess:
    values = {
        x: np.random.randn(N, D),
        y: np.random.randn(N, D),
        z: np.random.randn(N, D),
    }
    out = sess.run([c, grad_x, grad_y, grad_z],
                    feed_dict=values)
    c_val, grad_x_val, grad_y_val, grad_z_val = out
```

PyTorch

```
import torch

N, D = 3, 4

x = torch.rand((N, D), requires_grad=True)
y = torch.rand((N, D), requires_grad=True)
z = torch.rand((N, D), requires_grad=True)

a = x * y
b = a + z
c = torch.sum(b)

c.backward()
```

Pytorch Tensor

- Basic block of pytorch
- Similar to numpy array
- easy to operate on GPU/CPU
- Good for building neural networks

In [5]:

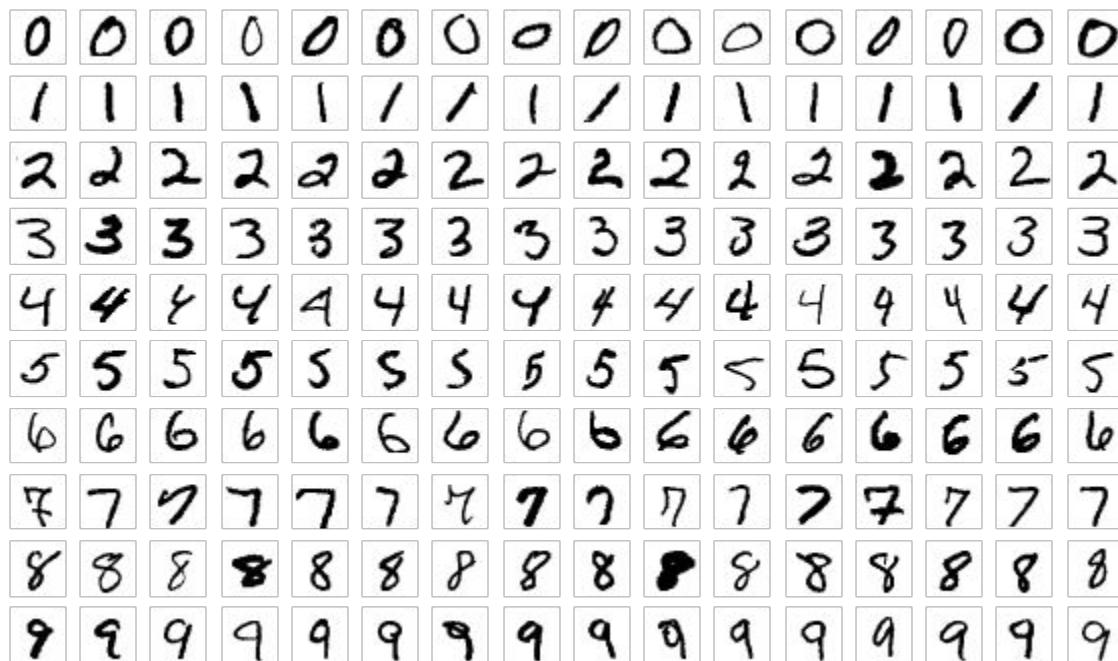
```
1 import torch
2
3 x= torch.tensor([[1,2,3],[4,5,6]])
4 y= torch.tensor([[7,8,9],[10,11,12]])
5
6 f= 2*x + y
7 print(f)
```

```
tensor([[ 9, 12, 15],
        [18, 21, 24]])
```

Demo: pytorch basics

<https://bit.ly/2XWflcL>

MNIST for image classification

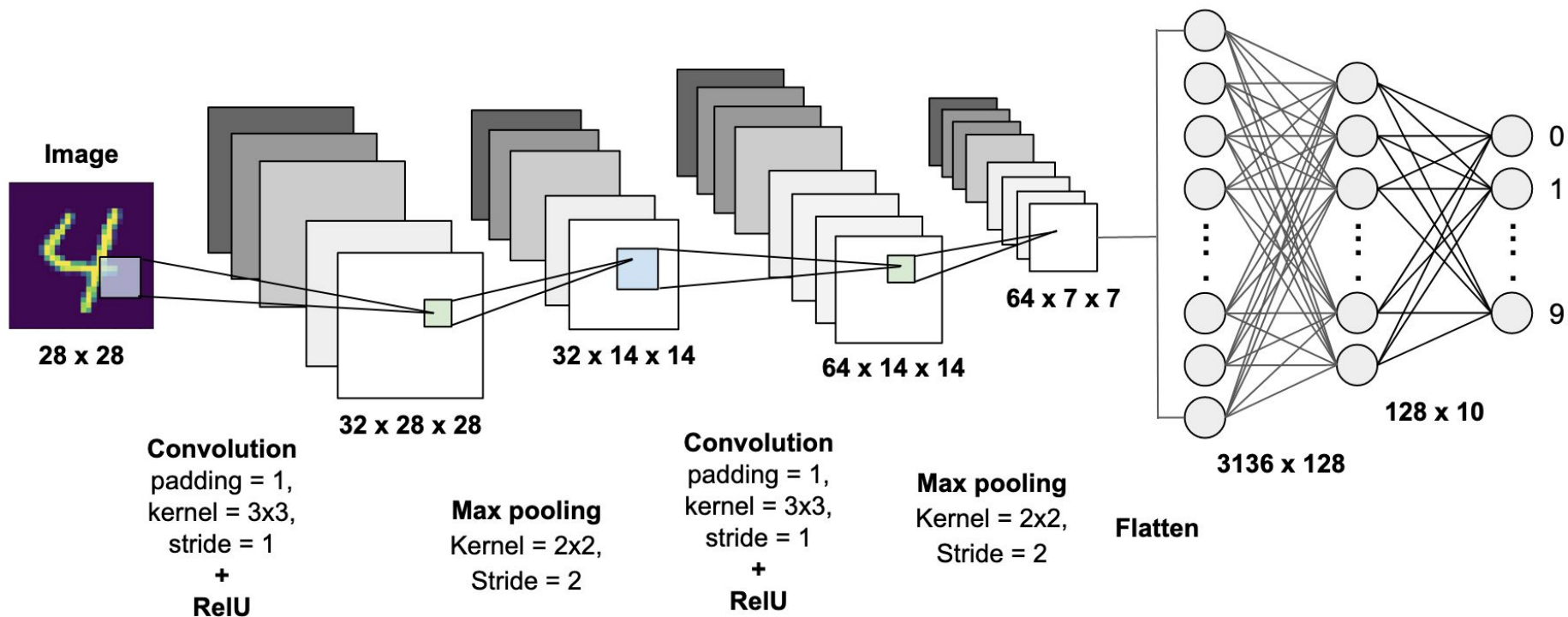


MNIST in pixels

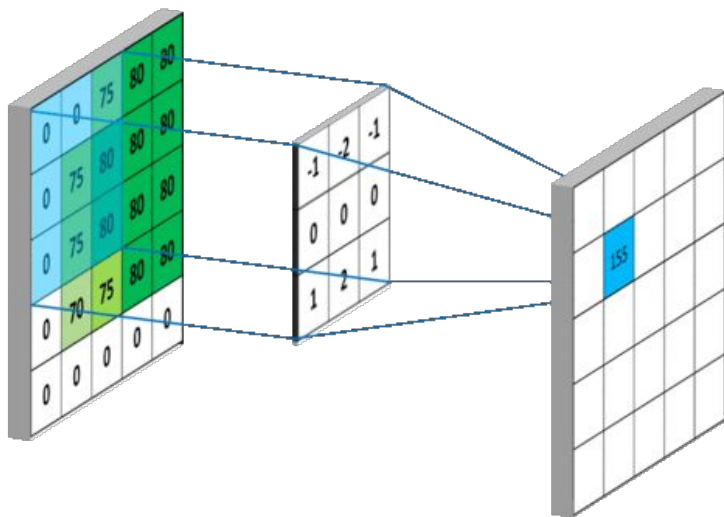
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1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	86	143	191	254	254	254	254	265	305	106	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	5	202	248	215	149	122	122	122	122	205	230	244	79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	45	218	52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	218	226	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	7	59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	188	221	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	247	138	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	47	225	247	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	32	129	263	248	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	102	223	264	188	84	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	52	221	249	189	37	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	110	234	263	245	188	188	188	133	112	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	163	188	188	188	212	230	264	264	264	149	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	18	28	66	143	250	223	39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	70	234	213	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	172	263	103	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	215	263	86	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	187	244	133	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	89	228	263	74	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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23	0	0	0	0	0	0	235	188	123	123	167	230	246	175	58	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	130	283	263	197	148	85	49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	18	18	18	134	150	255	169	37	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	5	92	36	36	140	154	154	154	224	253	253	253	253	253	253	253	253	170	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	36	253	253	253	253	253	253	253	253	253	253	253	253	253	253	253	253	145	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	0	9	144	202	253	223	182	182	182	182	182	138	65	161	253	253	253	236	36	0	0	0	0	0
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	47	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	130	253	253	147	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	236	253	253	70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	161	253	253	230	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	54	243	253	251	131	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	178	253	253	224	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	78	253	253	253	141	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	158	253	253	208	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	95	244	253	253	124	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	177	253	253	203	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	107	252	253	253	81	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	38	253	253	253	253	92	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	161	253	253	253	236	80	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	125	253	253	253	233	63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	218	253	253	253	137	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	243	253	253	101	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	187	253	234	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Introduction to neural networks with pytorch

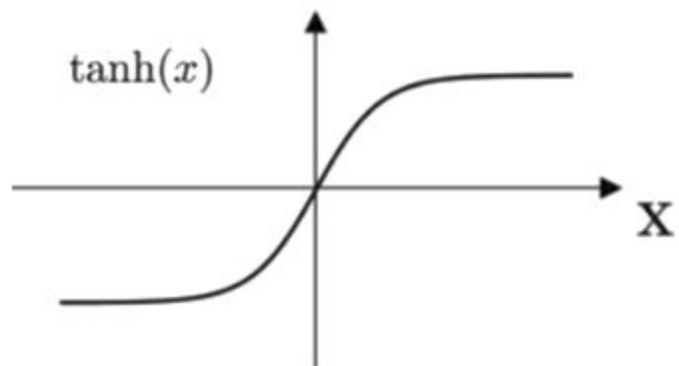


Convolution & Feature Map generation

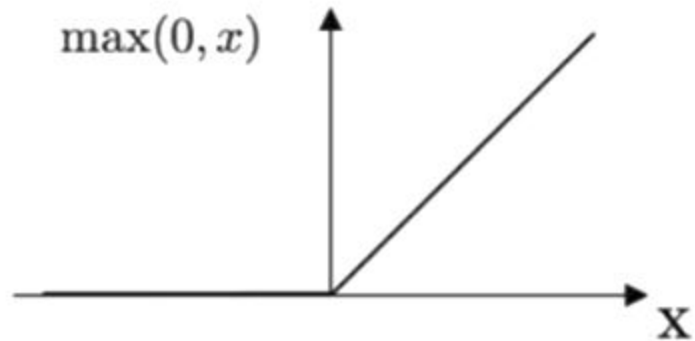


- Intermediate output inside the hidden layers of neural networks
- “Down sample”
- Single input can induce multiple feature maps (with different kernels)

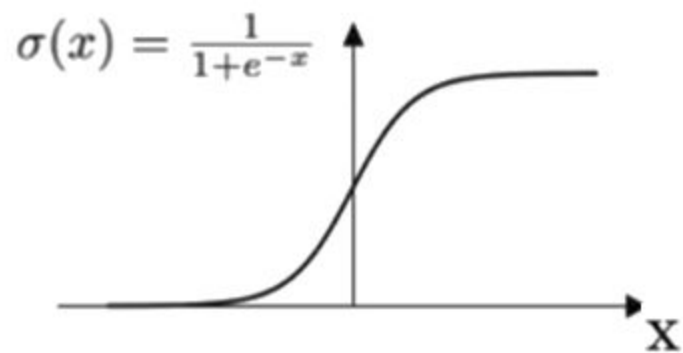
Tanh



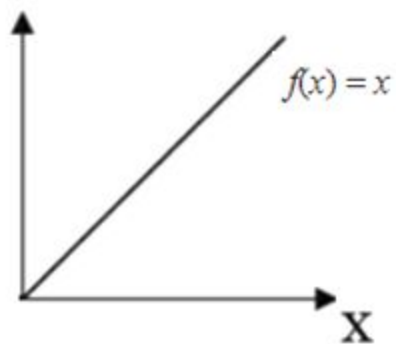
ReLU



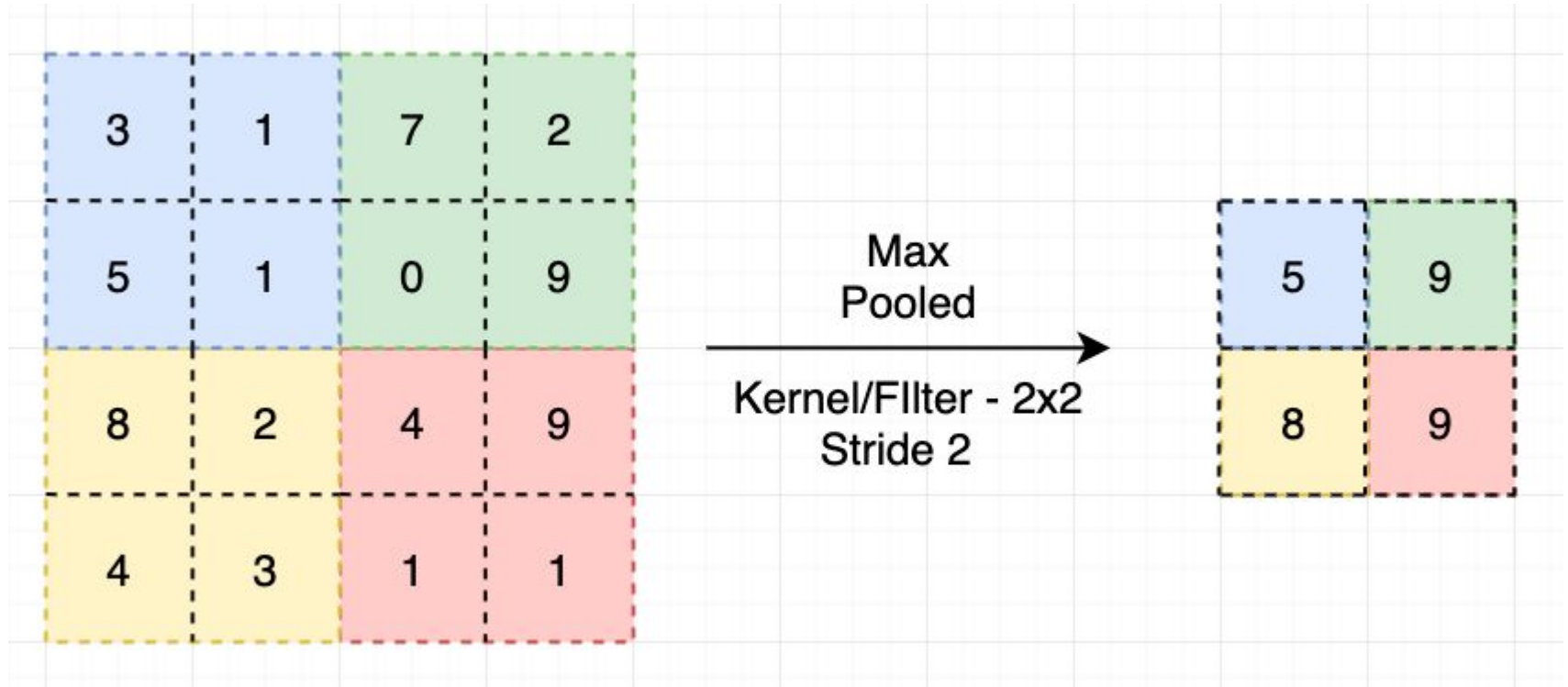
Sigmoid



Linear



Max pooling



Loss function: Cross-Entropy

$$H(p, q) = - \sum_{x \in \text{classes}} p(x) \log q(x)$$

True probability distribution
(one-hot)

Your model's predicted
probability distribution

Loss function: Cross-Entropy

CROSS-ENTROPY

$S(Y)$

0.7
0.2
0.1

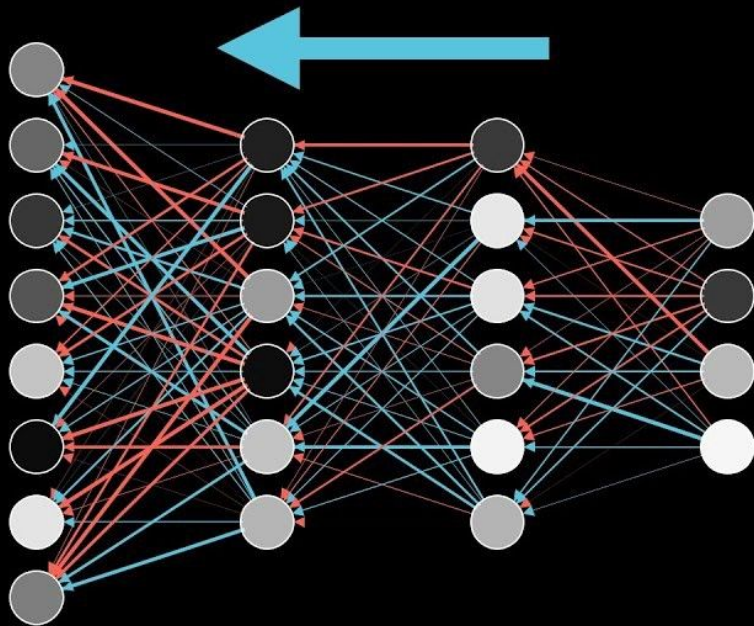
$$D(S, L) = - \sum_i L_i \log(S_i)$$

L

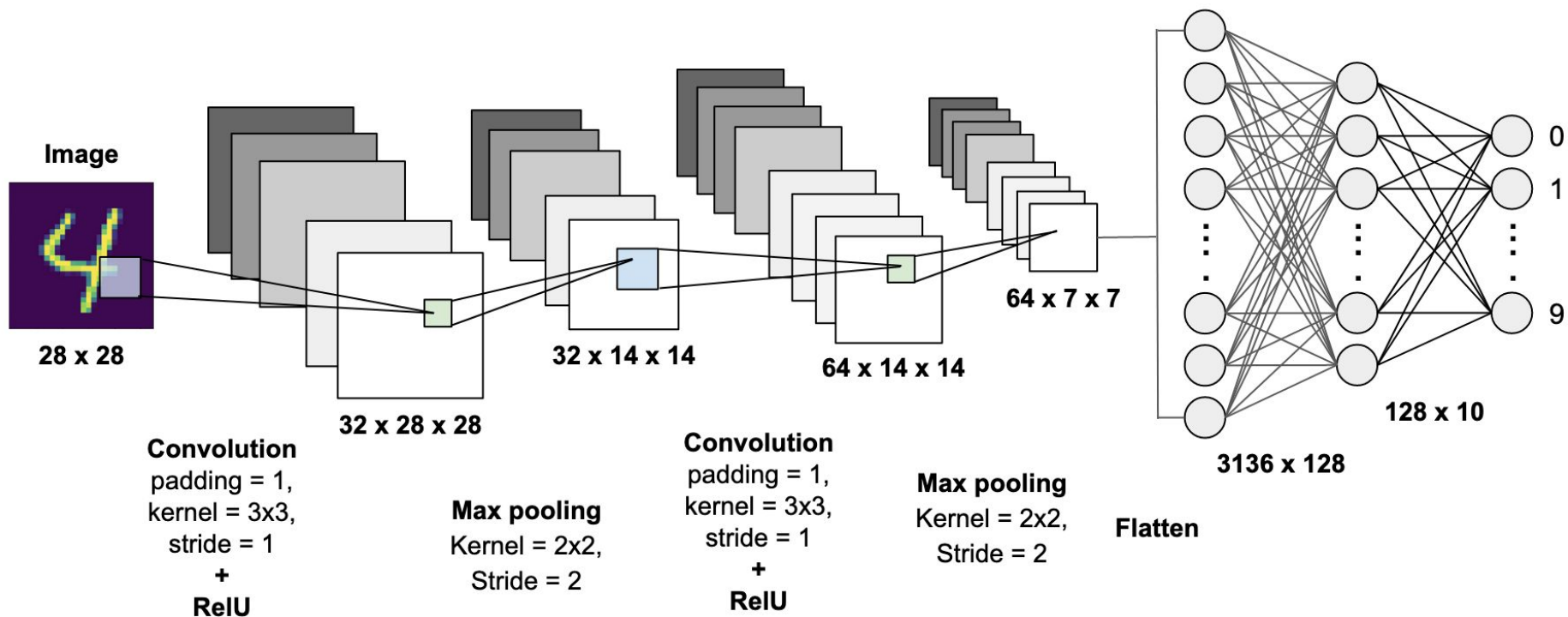
1.0
0.0
0.0

Back propagation

Backpropagation



Introduction to neural networks with pytorch



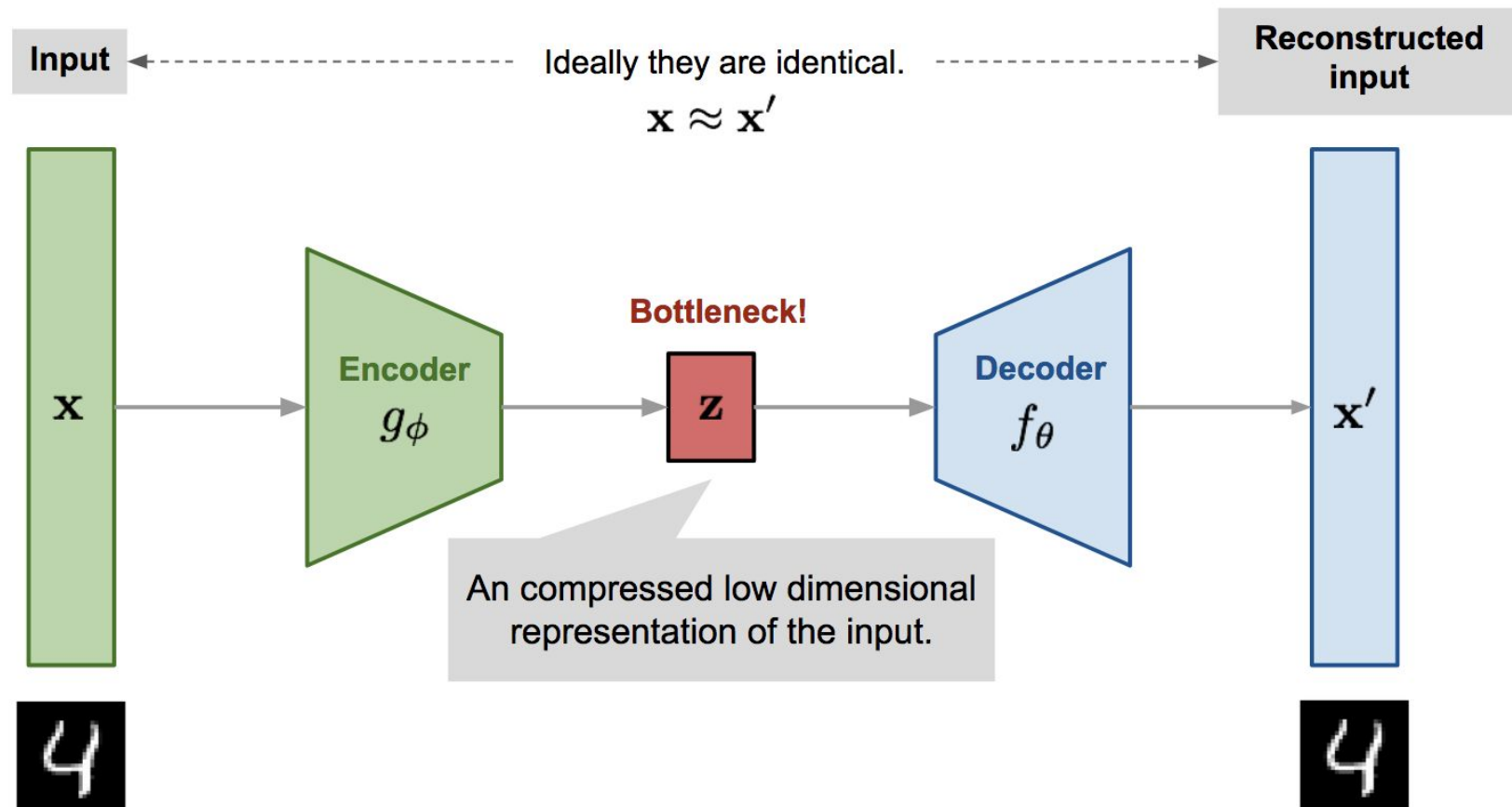
Let's build a neural network together!

<https://bit.ly/3EZ7mMR>

Generative models

- Neural networks are not only for classification (supervised learning)!
- Generative models: creating new data with deep neural networks
- example of generative models:
 - Generative adversarial networks (GAN)
 - Variational Autoencoder (VAE)
 - Normalizing Flow

Variational Autoencoder (VAE)



Q&A

Feel free to reach out to me:

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